

## Sleep and rest for children

National Quality Standard Education and Care Services National Law and National Regulations	Associated department policy, procedure or guideline	Reference document(s) and/or advice from a recognised authority
NQS: 2.1 Regulations: 84A, 84B, 84C	Leading and operating department preschool guidelines	ACECQA – sleep and rest practices  ACECQA's policy and procedures guidelines – Sleep and rest for children [PDF 254 KB]  Sleep and rest for children - Procedure guidelines for early childhood education and care services [PDF 682 KB]  Regulatory guidance: Children's safe sleep and rest [PDF 1,400 KB]  RedNose

## Responsibilities

School principal	The principal as nominated supervisor, educational leader and responsible person	
	holds primary responsibility for the preschool.	
	The principal is responsible for ensuring:	

	the preschool is compliant with legislative standards related to this
	procedure at all times
	all staff involved in the preschool are familiar with and implement this
	procedure
	all procedures are current and reviewed as part of a continuous cycle of
	self- assessment.
	These tasks may be delegated to other members of the preschool team, but the
	responsibility sits with the principal.
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Preschool .	The preschool supervisor supports the principal in their role and is responsible for
supervisor	leading the review of this procedure through a process of self-assessment and
	critical reflection. This could include:
	analysing complaints, incidents or issues and the implications for updates
	to this procedure
	reflecting on how this procedure is informed by stakeholder feedback and
	relevant expert authorities
	planning and discussing ways to engage with families and communities,
	including how changes are communicated
	developing strategies to induct all staff when procedures are updated to
	ensure practice is embedded.
Preschool	Preschool teachers and educators are responsible for working with the preschool
teacher(s) and	leadership team to ensure:
educator(s)	all staff in the preschool and daily practices comply with this procedure
	this procedure is stored in a way that it is accessible to all staff, families,
	visitors and volunteers
	they are actively involved in the review of this procedure, as required, or
	at least annually
	details of this procedure's review are documented.

## Procedure

Introduction	Children aged between 3 and 5 don't generally require a day-time sleep, however in	
	order to cater to individual children's needs, we provide quiet areas in each room	
	with bedding if a child indicates that he/she is tired or would like a sleep/rest.	
Meeting the	During induction, staff will be referred to the Sleep and Rest Risk Assessment	
needs for sleep	and this procedure.	
or rest	The preschool educators ensure the individual sleep and rest requirements of	
	each child are met, as advised by their family.	

- Children are not forced to lie down or sleep. This creates independence and gives the child autonomy to choose when they wish to sleep.
- The suitability of sleep and rest areas will be considered for physical safety, including temperature, lighting and ventilation.
- There is a comfortable, quiet area, both inside and outside, that a child can
  retreat to at any time of the day to rest. These are located in the reading
  areas and includes cushions if children need a place to sleep. Staff will be
  made aware of management of potential hazards in the Sleep and Rest Risk
  Assessment.
- If a child sleeps during the preschool day, their family is informed of the length of time they slept. A staff member will note this for parents to view on the comments section of the sign-on sheet.
- If children wish to, they can lie down in our rest areas at any time. If child starts to fall asleep a staff member will offer the child a blanket (depending on temperature) which will immediately be added to the preschool laundry after use.
- Educators check children if they rest or sleep to ensure they are not wearing any choking hazards, for example, jumper hood cords or ties, scarves, necklaces and carefully remove these if deemed a hazard.
- As recommended by Red Nose Australia, sleeping children to be always within sight and hearing.
- A higher-level of supervision and constant monitoring is provided when a sleeping child has:
  - 1. a cold, respiratory or chronic lung disorder
  - 2. a specific health care need
  - 3. a high temperature
  - 4. vomited
  - 5. minor trauma to their head
  - 6. taken medication
  - 7. recently received a vaccine
  - 8. a history of sleeping issues.
- Where there are concerns, they will wake the child up to see how they are feeling. Staff may also measure the child's temperature and call parents where there are concerns. If emergency symptoms present, an ambulance will be called.
- Staff may talk to families at drop-off time about sleeping patterns the night before. This may help them better understand children's needs for that day.

## Record of procedure's review

Date of review	10/11/23
Who was	Preschool Staff, families, children
involved	
Key changes	Changed to new DoE template
made and	
reason why	
Record of	Principal: Helen Te Rata
communication	Staff: all preschool staff read, reflected, and signed off. Procedure also posted on
of significant	Sentral for K-6 staff to engage with.
changes to	Emailed to P&C representatives.
relevant	Parents: notified via Seesaw. Please note, parents must be notified at least 14 days
stakeholders	prior to a change that may have a significant impact on their service's provision of
	education and care or a family's ability to use the service.